



ACCO Industry Partners



CareWorks

I am ACCO...

"ACCO gives me a competitive edge to stay ahead of my competition"

"My membership has helped in meeting new contacts at the Annual Expo"

"ACCO is one of this industry's very best sources of information, networking, and continuing education"

"My membership has led to business contacts that resulted in new business opportunities"

"My company is able to participate in quality programs and gain valuable information"

"I save money each month with the Speedway Fuel Program"

Benefit of the Month / Speedway Fuel Program

The Speedway Fuel Program is a benefit *available only to ACCO members*. To date, participating ACCO members have saved over \$40,000!

ACCO members can save up to 5 cents per gallon of gas. This is based on the total usage by all ACCO members (50K+ gallons), so if you only have 1 or 2 trucks, your discount is based on the monthly consumption of all our members.

"16 in 16" Member Drive!

Our campaign will grow membership across the state as we reach out to prospective members.



News for your Business...

- > [Energize Your Workforce](#) by Brady Wilson
- > [AHRI Releases March 2016 U.S. Heating and Cooling Equipment Shipment Data](#)
- > [Question of the Month: How do you proceed when a job applicant discloses an injury requiring rehab?](#) By Federated Insurance

Legislative Watch

HB 523 Would legalize medical marijuana while providing certain protections for businesses. HB 523 makes it clear that employers are not required to accommodate an employee's use of medical marijuana. It specifies that an employer can discharge, refuse to hire, or take adverse employment action against an employee who uses medical marijuana. If an employee is discharged for medical marijuana use, he or she would be ineligible for unemployment compensation benefits.

SB320 Renewable Energy Would revise the requirements for renewable energy, energy efficiency, and peak demand reduction. SB 320 restarts the debate over what to do about energy efficiency and renewable energy mandates that Ohio first put into place in 2008. The most controversial provision of SB 320 would delay the further escalation of Ohio's existing energy mandates until 2020.